

## Thing's Testing

Unit Testing with PlatformIO

TQS – ProDEl 24/November/2017

João Pedro Dias jpmdias@fe.up.pt Researcher @ INESC TEC





### Outline

- Contextualization
- Unit Testing
- Overview
- PlatformIO
- Demo & Tutorial
- Summary

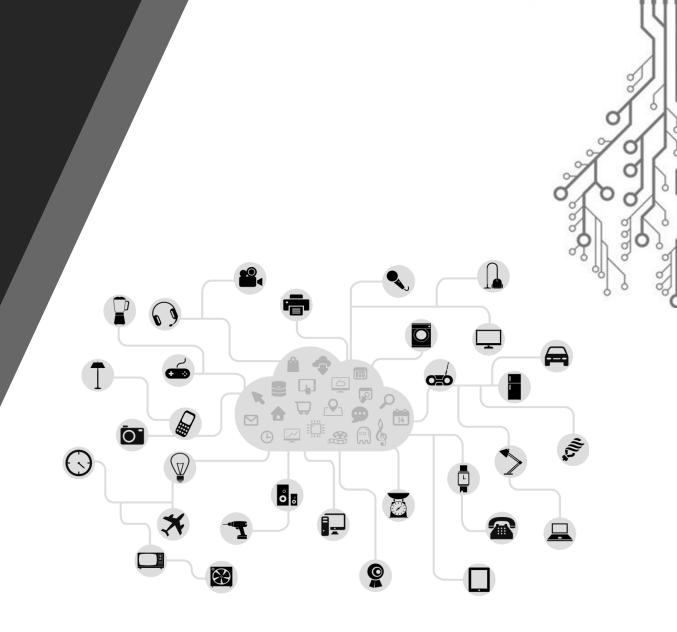




### Contextualization The Internet-of-Things

• The Internet of Things (IoT) is the network of physical objects that contain embedded technology to communicate and sense or interact with their internal states or the external environment.

-- Gartner -- IT Glossary



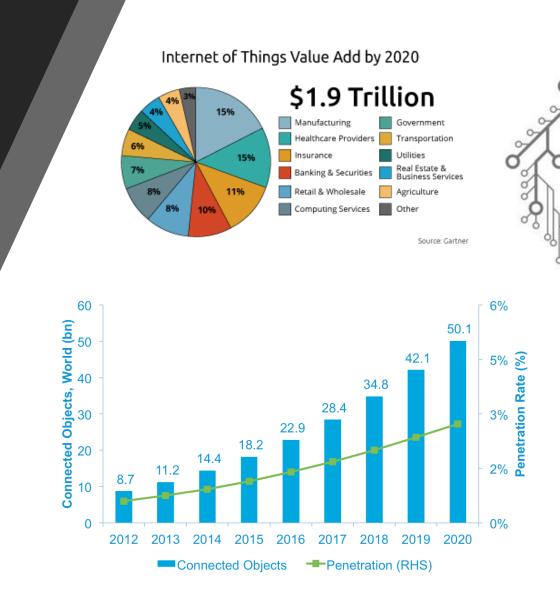
### Contextualization Why IoT matters?

• IoT is the infrastructure of the information society.

- Global Standards Initiative on IoT (IoT-GSI)

 "The IoT is quickly becoming something the world relies on to drive, report, and optimize performance from the timing of your run, to the gas mileage of your car. And it still needs to be tested."

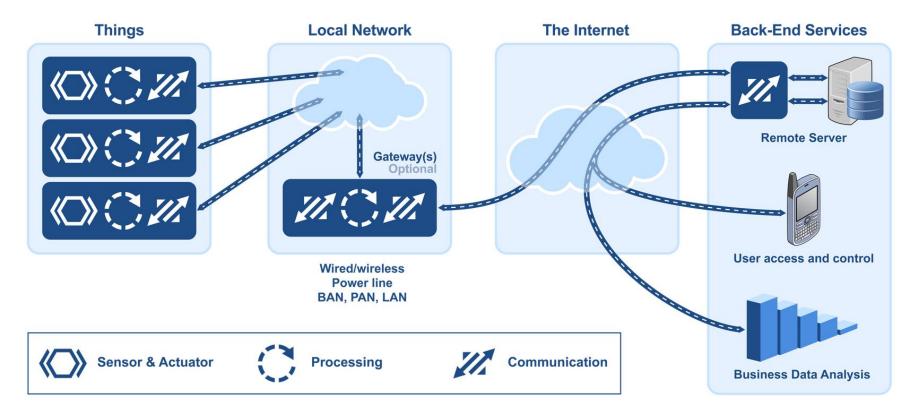
-- SmartBear Software blog



Penetration of connected objects in total 'things' expected to reach 2.7% in 2020 from 0.6% in 2012

Source: CCS, 2013

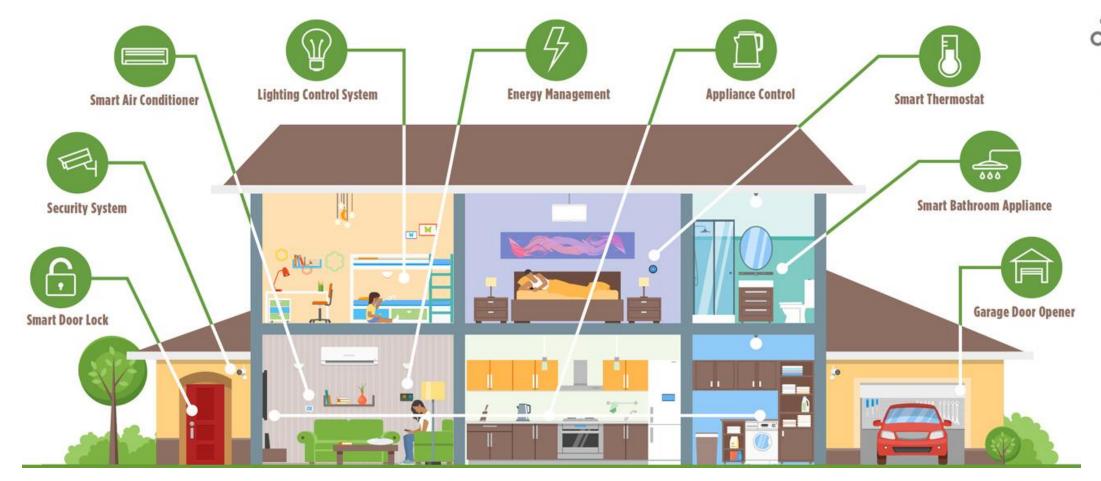
## Contextualization Testing Things



• Different system layers lead to different needs of testing and validation.



## Contextualization Scenario: Smart Home



000



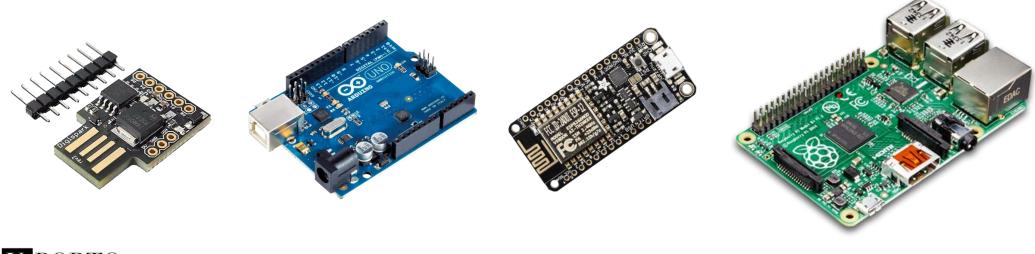
## Contextualization IoT Testing: What to test?

- Usability: Device usability, related applications & analytics.
- Security: Network, application and hardware vulnerabilities. Privacy protection.
- **Connectivity:** Dependency in network availability and resilience to instability.
- Performance: Scalability (data collection, processing and decision) & power consumption
- **Compatibility Testing:** Multiple operating system versions, browser types and respective versions, generations of devices & communication modes.
- **Pilot Testing:** Make laboratories with real use scenarios to test the system correct functioning.
- **Regulatory Testing:** Depending on the IoT devices, multiple regulatory/compliance rules should be followed.
- **Upgrade Testing:** The heterogeneity of devices can lead to malfunctions on upgrades (e.g. firmware updates).



# Contextualization Testing Things

- Focusing on the things
  - Mostly Microcontrollers
    - Arduino, ESP8266, ESP32, NodeMCU, Attiny, ...
  - But also other devices (gateways, etc.)
    - Raspberry Pi, Asus Tinker Board, BeagleBoard, Parallela, ...





# Contextualization Testing Things

- What language runs on things?
  - Lua, MicroPython, C/C++, Arduino Language, ...
- Complementary libraries dedicated for hardware interaction
  - e.g. Arduino.h



**C/C++** 

### Contextualization

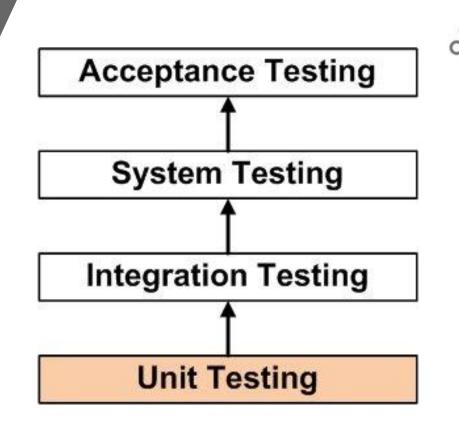
### How to test on embedded devices / things?

- Use a non-embedded platform to validate code that does not depend on the hardware inputs
  - e.g. algorithms, API's, ...
- Run the code to test on the embedded devices and check hardware responses
  - e.g. Serial Port monitoring
- Use device virtual representations
  - Emulators, Simulators, ...
- Use Unit Testing (Locally and on-board)
  - Limitations due to memory constrains when testing on-board.



## Unit Testing

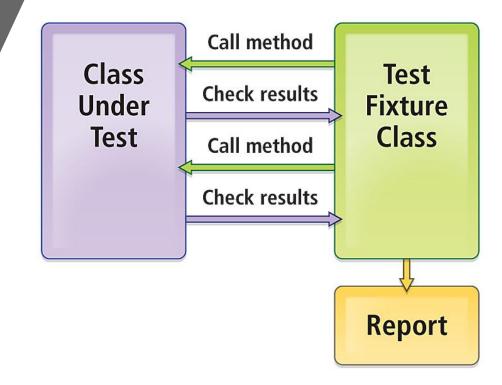
- Unit testing (UT) is the testing of individual software components in isolation in order to glean early and frequent feedback.
- -- Gartner, Unit Testing
- Unit testing is a core component of the Test Driven Development (TDD)



# Advantages of Unit testing

- I. Issues are found at early stage.
- 2. Unit testing helps in maintaining and changing the code.
- 3. Since the bugs are found early in unit testing hence it also helps in reducing the cost of bug fixes.
- 4. Unit testing helps in simplifying the debugging process.
- -- What is Unit testing?, ISTQB

#### **Instantiate Class Under Test**



## Unit Testing for IoT **Tools**

- ArduinoUnit
  - Unit testing framework for Arduino code & libraries.
- UNITY by Throw The Switch.org
  - Unit Testing for C (especially Embedded Software)
- · Cmock by Throw The Switch.org
  - Automagical generation of stubs and mocks for Unity Tests
- PlatformIO: PIO Unit Testing
  - Allows testing on the local host machine (native), on the multiple local embedded devices/boards (connected to local host machine), or in both cases.







## Demo

Hands-on Tutorial on PlatformIO

http://docs.platformio.org

PIO Unit Testing Key Concepts

- Test Runner: allows to process specific environments or ignore tests using "Glob patterns".
- Local Testing: Allows you to run tests on a host machine or on target devices (boards) that are directly connected to the host machine.
- **Remote Testing:** Allows you to run tests on a remote machine or remote target devices (boards) without having to depend on OS software, extra software, SSH,VPN or opening network ports.
- Unity Test API: Tests are written based on the syntax of UNITY by ThrowTheSwitch.



### PIO Unit Testing PIO Unit Testing Engine Design

- Main Program: Contains the independent modules, procedures, functions or methods that will be the target candidates (TC) for testing.
- **2.** Unit Test: A small independent program that is intended to reuse TC from the main program and apply tests to them.
- 3. Test Processor: The set of approaches and tools that will be used to apply tests for the environments from Project Configuration File platformio.ini



IPIO Home - ws\_unittests - Visual Studio Code

EXPLORER

D

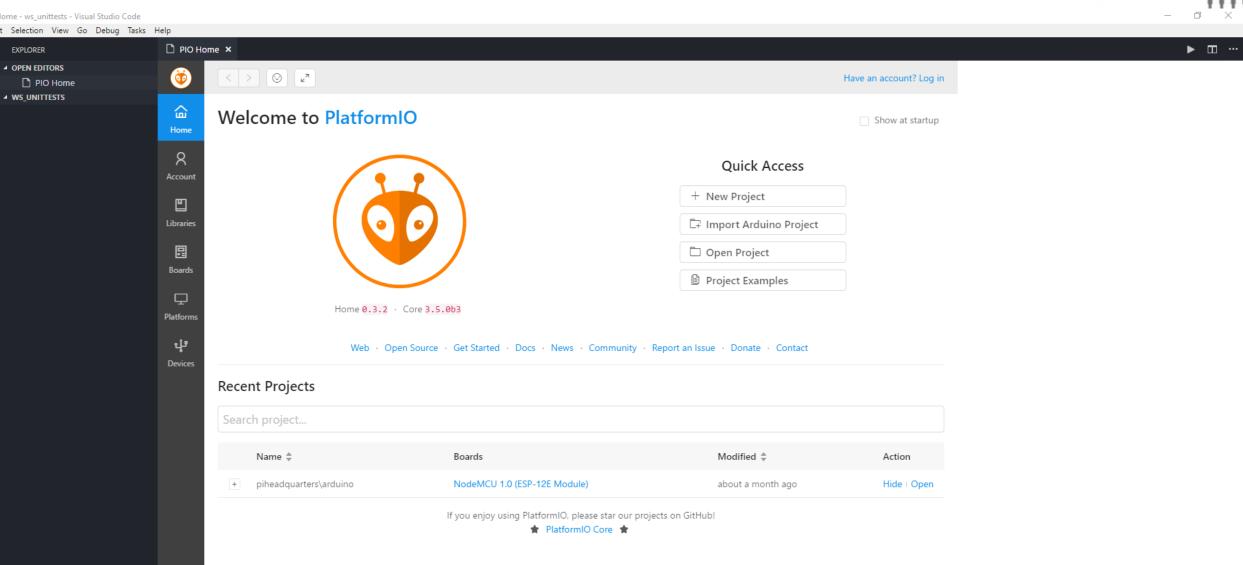
ρ

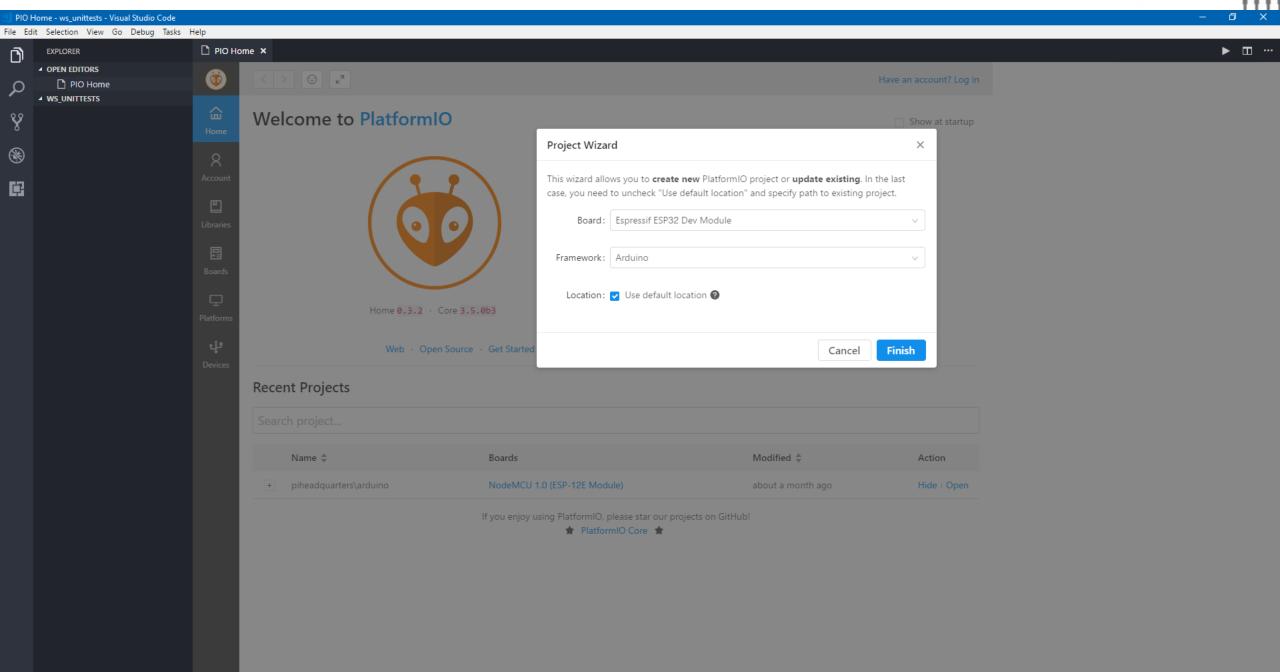
Ŷ

8

¢

File Edit Selection View Go Debug Tasks Help





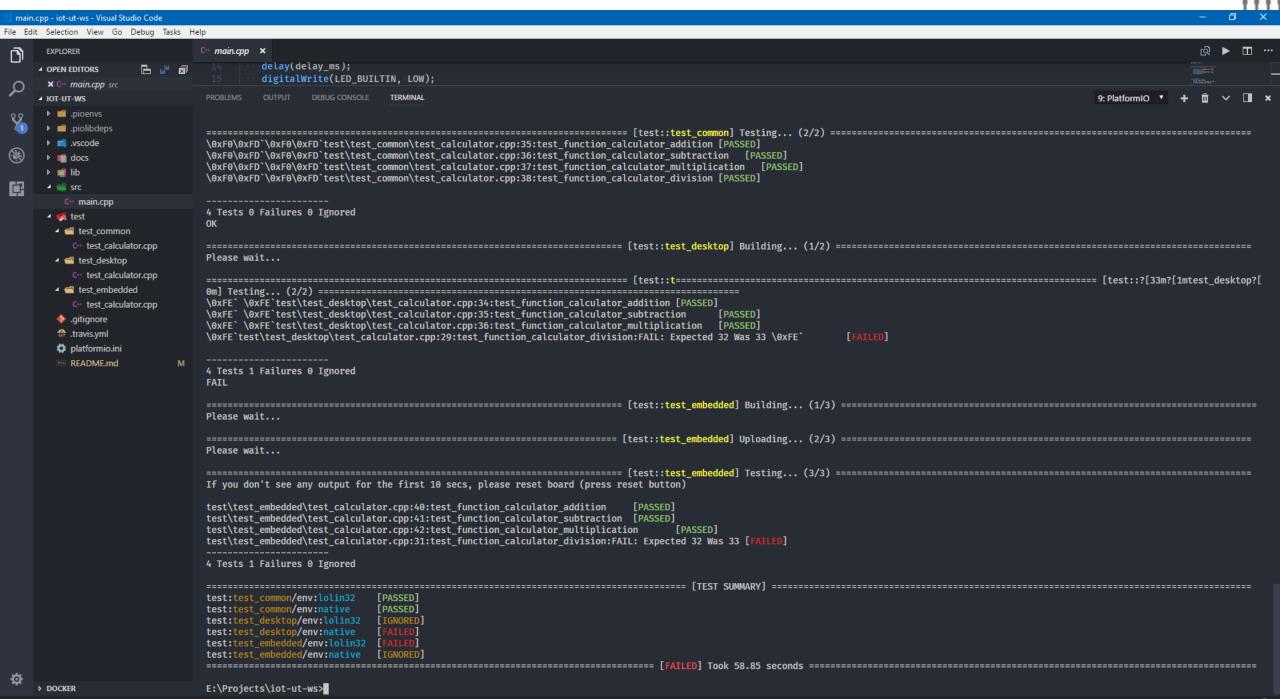
Ø o ▲ o ☆

					1111
ᆀ main.c	pp - 171121-184021-esp32dev - Visual Studio	o Code			– 0 X
File Edit Selection View Go Debug Tasks Help					
D	EXPLORER	C⊷ mair	n.cpp ×		▶ Ⅲ …
	OPEN EDITORS		#include <arduino.h></arduino.h>		in daard 1992 oo dalaa ka ahaan 1992 oo dalaa ka ahaa
ρ	C++ main.cpp src				
~	171121-184021-ESP32DEV		<pre>void setup() {     // put your setup code here, to run once:</pre>		
<b>~</b> ~	🖌 📹 lib		s a securit securit code mere, "companyed a securit sec		
Ŷ	📄 readme.txt				
8	🖌 🚎 src		void loop() {		
	C++ main.cpp		/ put your main code here, to run repeatedly:		
	🚸 .gitignore				
Ē	🎡 .travis.yml				
	🏟 platformio.ini				

### Walkthrough

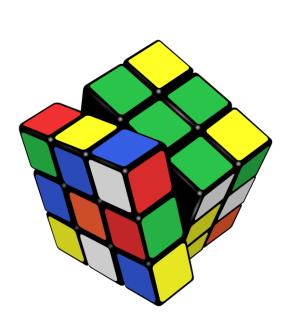
- *# Clone repository*
- > git clone https://github.com/jpdias/iot-ut-ws.git
- *# Change directory to example*
- > cd iot-ut-ws
- # Open VS Code
- > code .
- # Test project
- > platformio test
- # Test specific environment
- > platformio test -e uno
- # Process test on native desktop machine
- > platformio test -e native
- # Deploy
- > platformio run -e lolin32 -t upload



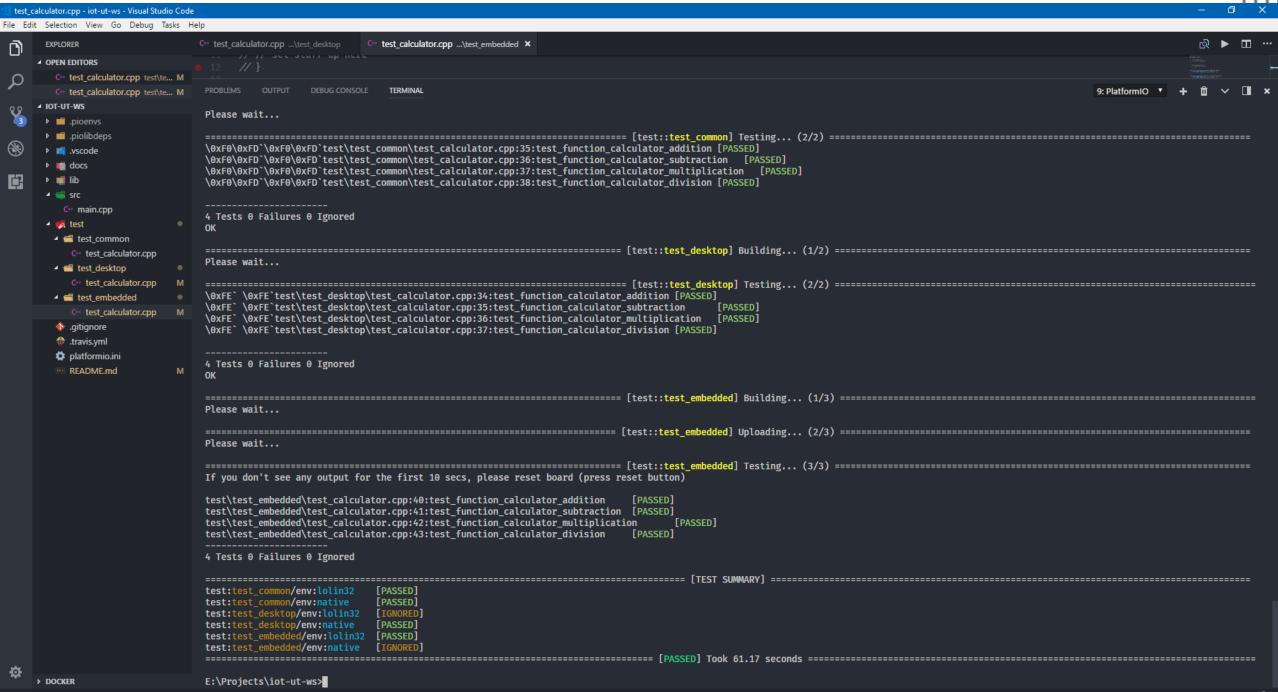


### Exercise

- I. Explore the code and folder structure.
- 2. Find the bugs in the test cases.
- 3. Run the tests and deploy to board when correct.







### Further Reading

- PIO Unit Testing: <a href="http://docs.platformio.org/en/latest/plus/unit-testing.html">http://docs.platformio.org/en/latest/plus/unit-testing.html</a>
- throwtheswitch Tools: <u>https://www.throwtheswitch.org/</u>
- Testing the Internet of Things Test and Verification Solutions: <u>https://www.testandverification.com/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/Testing%20the%20Internet%20of%20Things.pdf</u>
- Embedded Software Testing CMU: https://www.ece.cmu.edu/~ece649/lectures/10\_testing.pdf





## Thank you.

### TQS – ProDEl 24/November/2017

João Pedro Dias jpmdias@fe.up.pt Researcher @ INESCTEC

